Code: 20CS3502

## III B.Tech - I Semester - Regular Examinations - DECEMBER 2022

## DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. This paper contains questions from 5 units of Syllabus. Each unit carries 14 marks and have an internal choice of Questions.

2. All parts of Question must be answered in one place.

BL – Blooms Level CO – Course Outcome

UNIT-I  1 a) Discuss the main categories of data what are the basic differences amore relational model, the object model, XML model?  b) Discuss the main characteristics database approach and how it smultiple views of data.  OR  2 a) Explain the difference between two-three-tier application architectures. We better suited for web applications? We b) Give examples of systems in which make sense to use database approach		BL	СО	Max.			
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make sense to use database approach	it may	L2	CO1	7 M			
make sense to use database approach	instead						
of a traditional file processing.							

		UNIT-II			
3	a)	Discuss the role of a high-level data model	L4	CO4	7 M
		in the database design process.			
	b)	Describe the two alternatives for specifying	L2	CO4	7 M
		structural constraints on relationship types.			
		What are the advantages and disadvantages			
		of each?			
		OR			
4	a)	Discuss the conventions for displaying an	L4	CO4	7 M
		ER schema as an ER diagram.			
	b)	What is a participation role? When is it	L4	CO4	7 M
		necessary to use role names in the			
		description of relationship types?			
		UNIT-III			
5	a)	Discuss the characteristics of relations that	L3	CO2	7 M
		make them different from ordinary tables			
		and files.			
	b)	Describe the four clauses in the syntax of a	L3	CO2	7 M
		simple SQL retrieval query. Show what type			
		of constructs can be specified in each of the			
		clauses. Which are required and which are			
		optional?			
	1	OR			
6	a)	Discuss the various reasons that lead to the	L3	CO2	7 M
		occurrence of NULL values in relations.			
	b)	How can the key and foreign key constraints	L3	CO2	7 M
		be enforced by the DBMS? Is the			
		enforcement technique you suggest difficult			
		to implement? Can the constraint checks be			

		executed efficiently when updates are			
		applied to the database?			
	I	UNIT-IV		<u>l</u>	
7	a)	Why do practical database designs typically aim for BCNF and not aim for higher normal forms?	L3	CO3	7 M
	b)	Define fourth normal form. When is it violated? When is it typically applicable?	L3	CO3	7 M
		OR			
8	a)	What is Join dependency? When does it arise?	L3	CO3	7 M
	b)	Define first, second, and third normal forms when only primary keys are considered. How do the general definitions of 2NF and 3NF, which consider all keys of a relation, differ from those that consider only primary keys?	L3	CO3	7 M
	I	UNIT-V		<u> </u>	
9	a)	Discuss the atomicity, durability, isolation, and consistency preservation properties of a database transaction.	L2	CO1	7 M
	b)	Discuss the problems of deadlock and starvation, and the different approaches to dealing with these problems.	L2	CO1	7 M
	•	OR			
10	a)	What are some variations of the two-phase locking protocol? Why is strict or rigorous two-phase locking often preferred?	L2	CO1	7 M

b)	Discuss the UNDO and REDO operations	L2	CO1	7 M
	and the recovery techniques that use each.			